

KU LEUVEN



KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals and Minerals (SIM²):
Dr. Peter Tom Jones (Director)

Joint Researcher Meeting by SIM² KU Leuven & MRC – Pushing the
boundaries of advanced materials characterisation – 3 June 2022

SIM² KU Leuven is one of the “KU Leuven Institutes” (official since 2020)

Interdisciplinarity



LKI - LEUVEN CANCER INSTITUTE

The Leuven Cancer Institute brings together doctors, healthcare workers and researchers of University Hospitals Leuven and KU Leuven in their fight against cancer. LKI combines and integrates innovative research, therapy and healthcare to foster interaction between these domains.

[Read more about the Leuven Cancer Institute >](#)



SIM² - KU LEUVEN INSTITUTE FOR SUSTAINABLE METALS AND MINERALS

The KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals and Minerals wants to contribute to the environmentally friendly production and recycling of metals, minerals and engineered materials. As such, it aims to support the transition to a climate-friendly, circular economy.

[Read more about the KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals and Minerals >](#)



LEUVEN.AI - KU LEUVEN INSTITUTE FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

The KU Leuven Institute for Artificial Intelligence brings together KU Leuven's worldclass AI experts. It fosters innovative education, research and expertise on all aspects of AI, including the possibilities and limitations of AI and its implications from an ethical, legal and societal perspective.

[Read more about the KU Leuven Institute for Artificial Intelligence >](#)

Breaking news: SIM² becomes KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals and Minerals

After a 16 month evaluation procedure SIM²'s candidacy to become a formal KU Leuven Institute was formally accepted by the KU Leuven authorities.

[READ MORE](#)



Would you like to know more about KU Leuven Institutes in order to prepare your own application? Be sure to take a look at the DOC website.

[SUBMIT YOUR APPLICATION](#)

“ For the University, the Leuven Institutes are a way to highlight certain focal points in research – a strategic instrument, in other words.

- Rector Luc Sels

SIM² KU Leuven – our founding fathers (and mothers)



SIM²: A timely mission

SIM² contributes “to environmentally-friendly production & recycling of metals, minerals & engineered materials, supporting the transition to a climate-friendly, circular-economy”

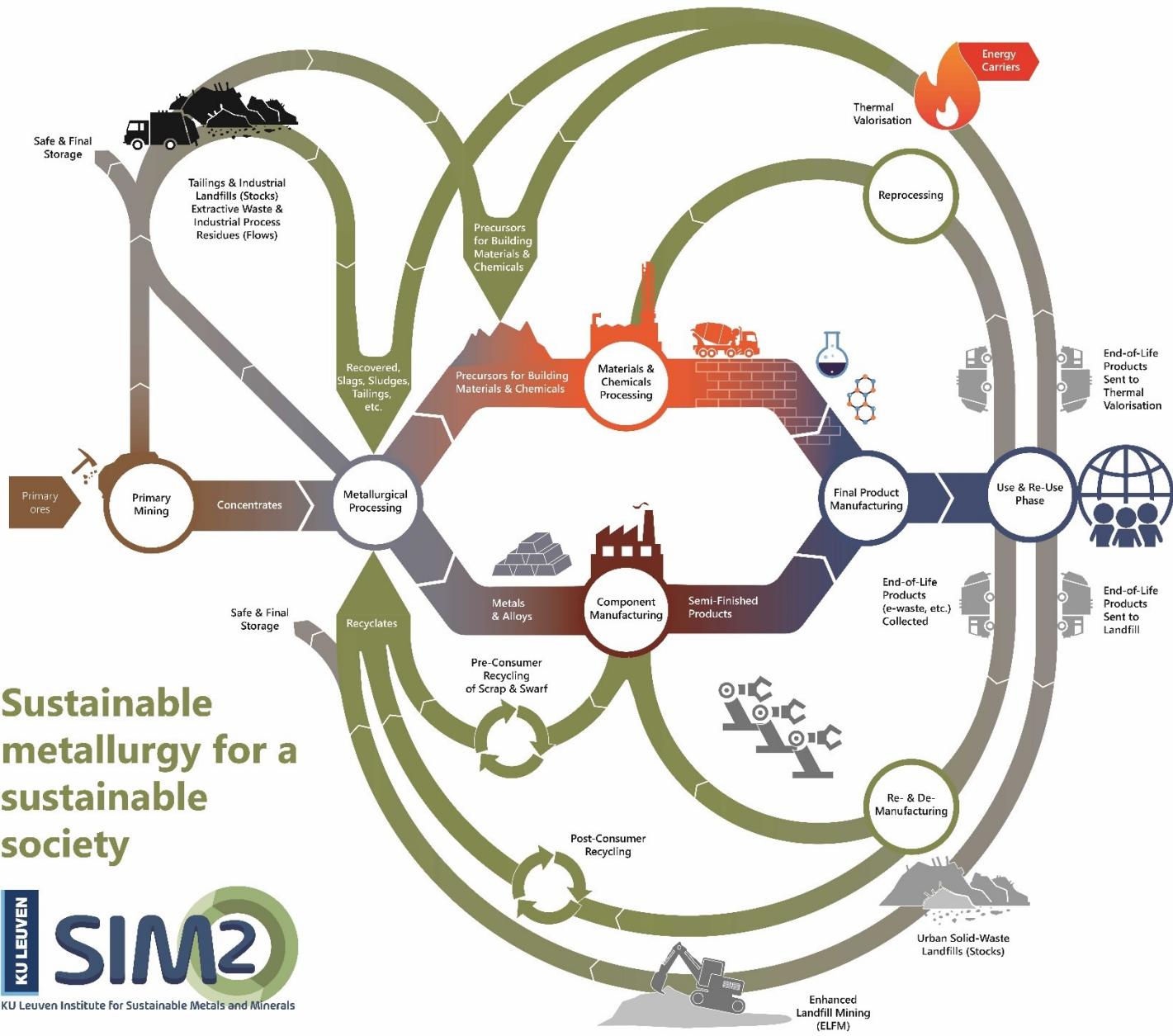
Megatrends [deep de-carbonisation]



renewable energy – energy storage – e-mobility



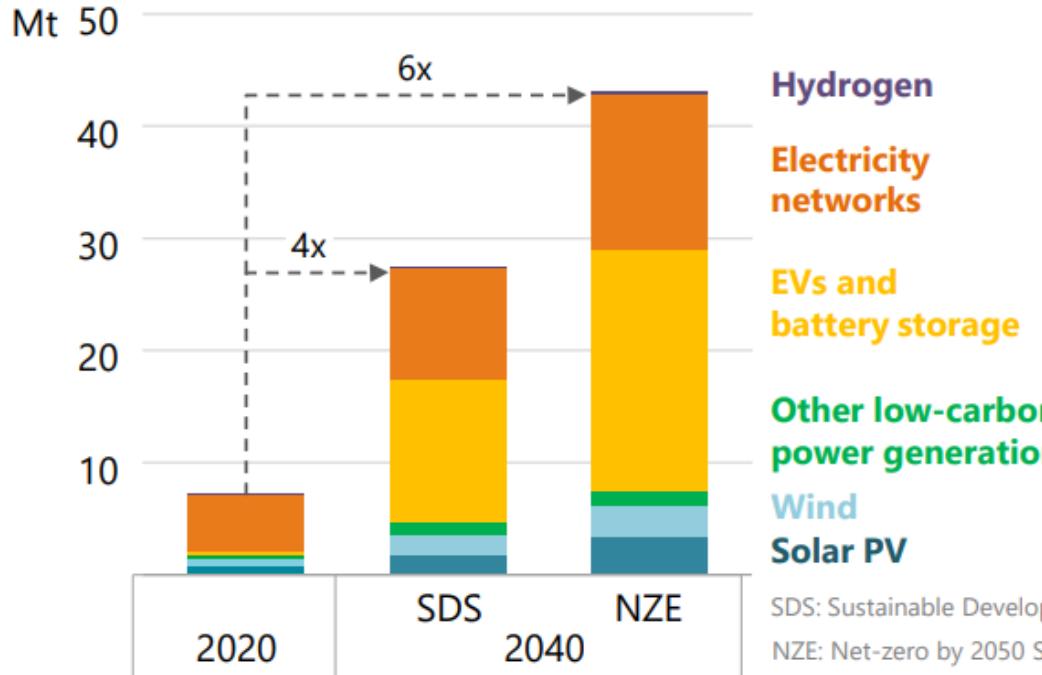
KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals and Minerals



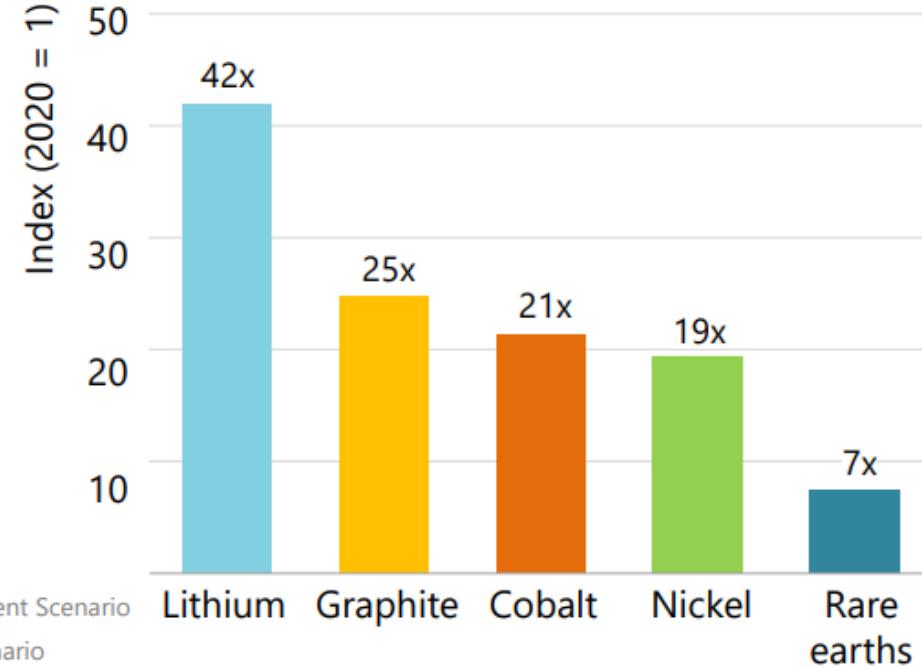
Meeting climate goals will turbo-charge demand for minerals

Mineral demand for clean energy technologies by scenario

Growth to 2040 by sector



Growth in the SDS, 2040 relative to 2020



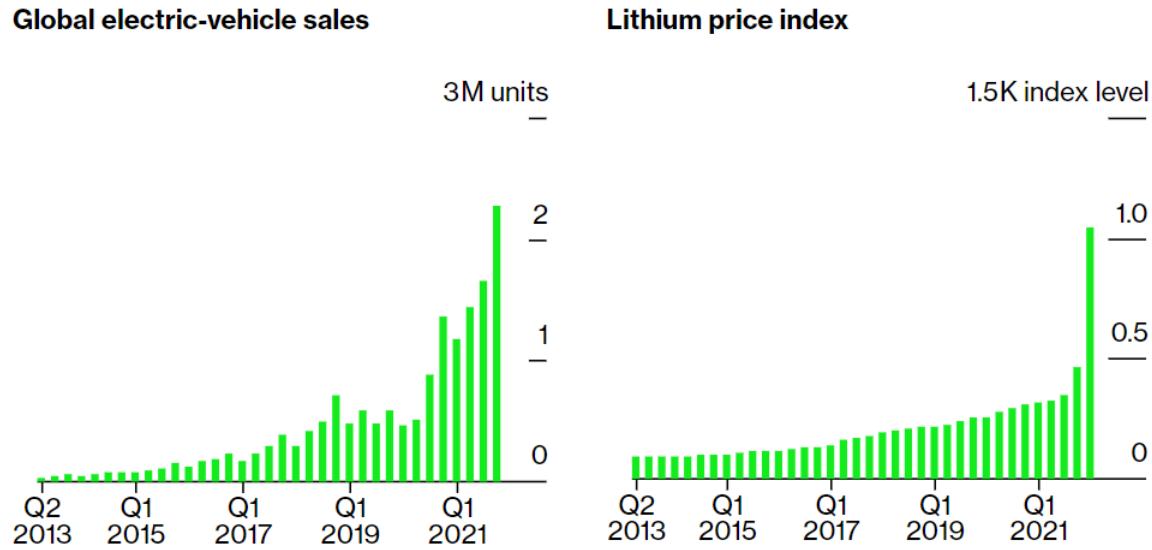
Demand for critical minerals is set to soar over the next two decades as the world pursues net zero goals; overall requirements rise by as much as 6 times, but individual minerals, led by lithium, rise even faster

IEA 2021. All rights reserved.

Prices of key minerals & metals for clean energy transition are going through the roof

Charging Up

EV battery boom catapults global lithium prices to record levels



Source: BloombergNEF, MarkLines, Benchmark Mineral Intelligence

- ✓ Combination of **rising demand, disrupted supply chains and concerns around tightening supply**
- ✓ The prices of Ni & Al – for which Russia is a key supplier – have also kept rising, driven in part by Russia's invasion of Ukraine
- ✓ Raw materials now account for a significant and growing share of the total cost of clean energy technologies
- ✓ **Relentless rises in Li prices** are already translating into higher prices for electric vehicles

Timely character of our research – SIM² in the press

Communication

SUSTAINABLE METALS FOR A SUSTAINABLE SOCIETY

Climate change and ecosystem breakdown pose an existential threat to Europe and the world. In December 2019, the European Commission launched its European Green Deal, a roadmap to a climate-neutral, resource-efficient and competitive economy.

However, as recently pointed out by the World Bank, the transition towards a climate-neutral economy will be very metal and mineral intensive. For instance, clean-tech solutions such as lithium-ion batteries, rare-earth based electric motors and direct-drive wind turbines have a substantial material footprint. Furthermore, even if re-use and recycling rates were increased, there would still be a massive need for (responsible) mining of key primary metals and minerals.

Against this background more than 230 KU Leuven researchers are collaborating in the KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals and Minerals (SIM²). SIM²'s mission is to promote problem-driven, science-deep research and future-oriented education, contributing to the environmentally friendly production and recycling of metals, minerals and engineered materials, supporting the transition to a climate-friendly, circular economy.'

SIM² is already developing a number of sustainability programmes, including new eco-friendly processes to produce raw battery materials such as lithium, cobalt and nickel salts; upcycling of industrial residues, such as non-ferrous slags, into climate-neutral building materials; decarbonising the production of steel and other metals through electrification and novel reducing agents; and sustainability assessment, used to ensure that the environmental impact of newly developed processes are lower with respect to the state-of-the-art.

Likewise, as mining and the recycling of metals and minerals are actions embedded in the real world, SIM² proactively engages with civil society groups and local communities affected by industrial activities so that 'no one will be left behind', another directive stipulated in the European Green Deal.



Commodities + Add to myFT

Europe faces critical shortage of metals needed for clean energy

Supply challenges come as EU seeks to reduce its dependence on Russian imports



A mine worker takes water samples from a brine pool at a lithium mine in Chile. The report estimates that to meet its clean energy goals, Europe will require 35 times more lithium in 2050 compared with today © Cristobal Olivares/Bloomberg

ECOLOGIE
De hindernissen voor de circulaire economie

Verloren smartphones, geopolitiek en een koppige Belg

Om tot een milieuvriendelijker wereld te komen, moeten we materialen en energie recupereren uit gebruikte toestellen en afval. Maar met die stadsminbouw zullen we wellicht nooit helemaal in onze energiebehoeften kunnen voorzien.

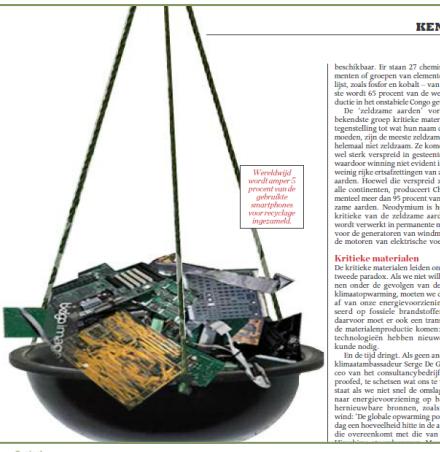
Door DIETER DEHAENE

Raar maar waar: industrieën om een milieuvriendelijker leefomgeving te komen, stuiven soms ook op het protest van milieubewegingen. Dat gebeurde bij Hasseltse-Helchterense wereld. Daar wil het bedrijf Group Machels samen met de gemeente Hasselt de bouw van de oude Remo-stortplaats ontgaan. Het is de bedoeling om materialen uit het afval te recupereren en energie te genereren. De gemeente moet alleen vragen om over het nut, de haalbaarheid en de ecologische gevolgen van het project. En dat kan niet anders dan een verleterde omgang van stortplaatsen.

'Er zijn ongeveer een half miljoen stortplaatsen in Europa', vertelt Peter Tom Jones van het Department Materials Engineering van de KU Leuven. 'Die zijn allemaal een milieuhuisvuil', legt Jones uit. 'Dat heeft interessante suggesties oogverblind voor wie in de toekomst de wereld wil veranderen.' Het gevolg dat het project lokaal zeer goed is, maar dat de rest van de wereld niet begrijpt, omdat de plannen steeds aangevoerd worden door één man. Een man die in zijn achterhoede staat om een voorbereiding te verhinderven dat er weer een verleterde omgang van stortplaatsen komt.

'Wij hebben in Hasseltse-Helchteren geen goede voorbeeld kunnen vinden', aldus wild, legt Jones uit. 'Dat heeft interesse voor ons om de wereld te wijzen op wat we kunnen doen. We kunnen niet alleen voor onszelf, ook voor de wereld kunnen we iets doen.'

Er zijn verschillende redenen waarom de wereld niet begrijpt dat de plannen steeds aangevoerd kunnen worden, maat een enorme hoeveelheid recupererbare materialen en energieën valt.



KENNIS

bemoeibaar. Er staan 27 chemische elementen of groepen van elementen op de lijst, waarvan enkele honderden van milieute wordt 65 procent van de wereldproductie van deze elementen voorzag. De 'zeldzame aarde' worden de bekende groep kritieke materialen. In tegenstelling tot de meeste andere materialen, zijn de meeste zeldzame aarden helemat niet zeldzaam. Ze komen evenwel in de natuur veel voor en dat is een voordeel voor de wereldwijde winning. Hoewel die verspreid zijn over alle continenten, produceren China momenteel meer dan 90 procent van de zeldzame aarden. Needybm is in het meest kritieke van de zeldzame aarden. Het wordt gebruikt voor de batterijen magneet voor de generatoren van windmolens en de magneten voor de voertuigen.

Kritieke materialen

De kritieke materialen leiden ons tot een tweede paradox. Als we niet willen kruipen in de klimaatcrisis door de globale klimaatverwarming, moeten we dringend al van onze energievoorziening gebruik maken van windmolens en zonne-energie. Daarvoor moet er ook een transitie van de materialensector komen: nieuwe technologieën hebben vaak andere kritieke kunde nodig. Als geen ander weet klimaatassessor Serge De Gheleire, ceo van het consultancybedrijf Futurewise, dat de wereld moet overstappen naar een energievoorziening op basis van hernieuwbare bronnen. 'We kunnen ons niet voorstellen dat de wereld in 2050 nog op olie en gas zal blijven staan', aldus De Gheleire. 'Als we dat gaan doen, dan is dat een catastrofe.'

Sustainable metals for a sustainable society

KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals & Minerals (SIM²)

On November 26, 2019, the KU Leuven Academic Council formally recognised SIM² as one of the first 'KU Leuven Institutes'. SIM², the 'KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals and Minerals', wants to contribute to the environmentally friendly production and recycling of metals, minerals and engineered materials. SIM²'s mission statement is fully in line with the ambitions of the European Commission to become climate neutral by 2050 and to avoid replacing Europe's reliance on fossil fuels with a reliance on non-energy raw materials.

PETER TOM JONES

KU LEUVEN INSTITUTES

As highlighted in the updated ECD's Critical Raw Materials list, Europe finds itself in a highly vulnerable position because the supply of key materials such as lithium, cobalt and rare earths is dominated by a limited number of non-EU countries. This supply risk is compounded by the COVID-19 pandemic. Because of the devastating health impact, COVID-19 is having very substantial impacts on raw material supply chains globally. Raw materials are also becoming increasingly scarce due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Hence, demand for rare earths used in permanent magnets for e-mobility and wind generators would increase, funded by 2050.

CRITICAL RAW MATERIALS RESILIENCE

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METAL AND MINERALS FOR CLIMATE ACTION

In December 2019, prior to the COVID-19 outbreak, the European Commission launched its ambitious European Green Deal, a roadmap towards a climate-neutral, resource-efficient and competitive European economy. Energy, buildings, industry and mobility were highlighted as the four pillars of the Green Deal. These sectors require system-wide transitions.

However, as recently pointed out by the World Bank in its Minerals for Climate Action report, the transition towards a climate-neutral economy will be very metal and mineral intensive. Clean-tech solutions such as lithium-ion batteries, rare-earth-based electric motors and



Peter Tom Jones

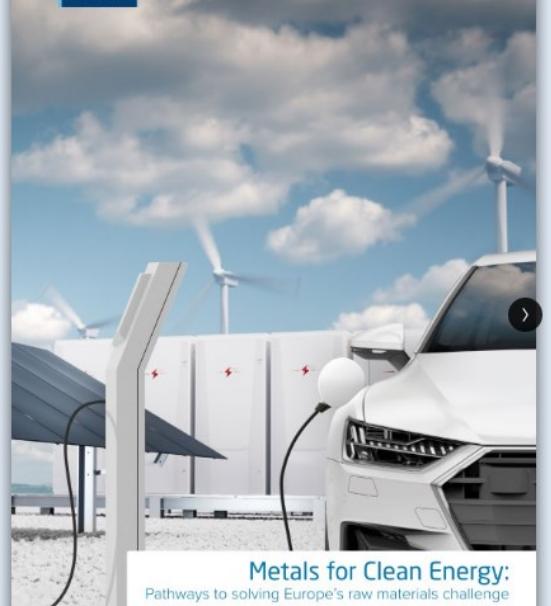
Director KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals and Minerals at KU Leuven

1w • 0

"Metals for Clean Energy: Pathways to solving Europe's raw materials challenge", that's the title of the new [Eurometaux \(European Metals Association\)](#) report written by my [SIM2 KU Leuven](#) colleagues Liesbet Grégoir and Karel V... see more

Eurometaux - Metals for Clean Energy • 117 pages

KU LEUVEN



Metals for Clean Energy:
Pathways to solving Europe's raw materials challenge

1 / 117 •

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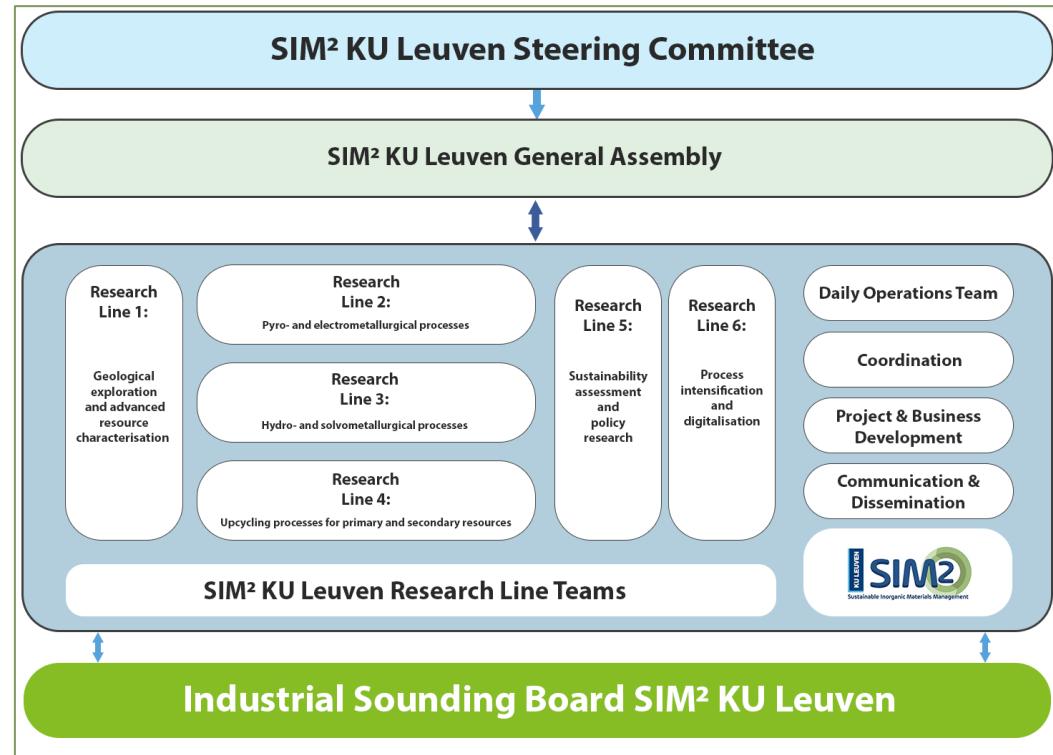
SIM²: the pinnacle of interdisciplinarity

243 SIM² Members

16 Research Groups from Chemical Engineering, Materials Eng', Mechanical Eng', Civil Eng', Architectural Eng', Chemistry, Earth and Environmental Sciences, Economy and Management, Law

11
49
in
GA

243
Members



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- Karen Allacker
- Marion Bechtold
- Koen Binnemans
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- Sofía Riaño
- Dimitrios Sakellariou
- Rudy Swennen
- Erik Smolders
- Karel Van Acker
- Geert Van Calster
- Jo Van Caneghem
- Tom Van Gerven
- Piet Wostyn (DOT)



GA Meeting SIM², Novotel Leuven, February 2020 (Pre-Corona)

SIM²: 6 Research Lines



RL1. Geological exploration and advanced resource characterisation



RL2. Remanufacturing and demanufacturing



RL3. Sustainable metallurgical processes



RL4. Upcycling processes for primary and secondary resources



RL5. Sustainability assessment and policy research



RL6. Process intensification and digitalisation

Developing interdisciplinary projects is key to what we do – Horizon Europe

✓ Projects granted:

1. HE ENICON
2. HE SIMPLI-DEMO
3. ERA-MIN SCANDERE
4. ERA-MIN ACROBAT
5. HE RECLAIM
6. HE INCREASE

✓ Projects on the Reserve List: HE e-LiTE, HE PERICLE

✓ Projects in evaluation: HE EXCEED, HE ERC ADG CIRMET, HE FIREFLY



SIM² organises International Symposia E.g. Remining Symposium May 2022



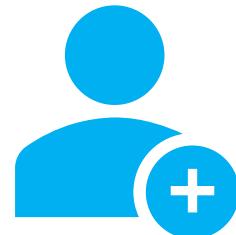
Dissemination and visibility: SIM² mother hub website



SIM² communication: boosting our papers/interviews & LinkedIn corporate page

2,000 !

Become a follower!



SIM2 KU Leuven

The KU Leuven Institute for Sustainable Metals & Minerals, comprising 240+ researchers in an interdisciplinary setting

Research Services · Leuven · [2,004 followers](#)



Meet SIM KU Leuven's
Prof. Olivier Namur

Understanding the origin of critical metals
associated to hydrous magmas

colleagues



"Mining of critical metals has to bring economic
and social benefits to Africa"

colleagues



Providing fingerprints of molecules and materials
using high-resolution Magnetic Resonance

colleagues

SIM² disseminates your research

SIM2 KU Leuven
1,971 followers
1w •

Separation of a mixture of **#rareearthelements** is notoriously difficult. Hence, research that targets higher efficiency in such processes is very relevant. One possible avenue is to adopt non-aqueous solvent extraction rather than ...see more

Water
Less contact-ion-pair formation
Strongly solvated metal ions

Polar molecular organic solvent
More contact-ion-pair formation
Weakly solvated metal ions

Unravelling the chemistry within non-aqueous solvent extraction
kuleuven.sim2.be • 3 min read

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Antimony is one of the **#criticalrawmaterials** for Europe, given its high supply risk. Strategies to recover Sb from Sb-bearing secondary resources are, therefore, of great importance. **SIM2 KU Leuven** – HiTemp researchers studied the ...see more

Characterisation of Sb-containing metallurgical residues for Sb recovery
kuleuven.sim2.be • 3 min read

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How can we boost the **#repair** & **#recycling** options for end-of(-first)-life **#electronicdevices** such as washing machines? How can we use **#ai** and **#iot** to support this endeavour? ...see more

In the OVAM Flanders Circular project SmartRe, we therefore, together with our partners,

Play 0:26 Made möglich durch: GRK

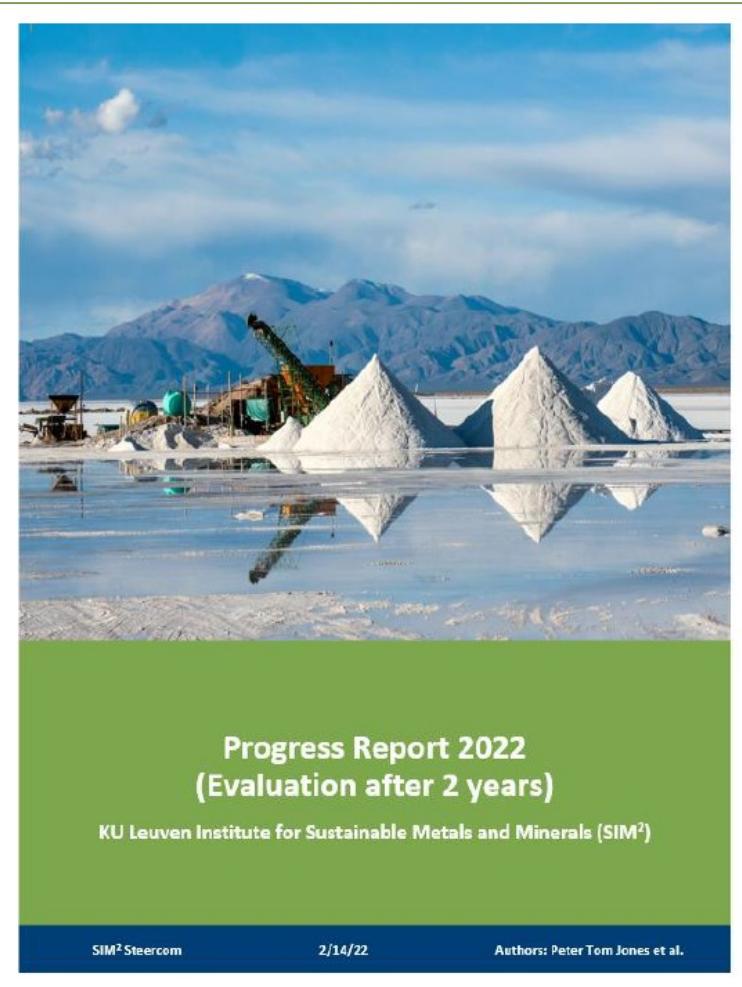
Boosting the repair & recycling options for EoL electrical consumer products
kuleuven.sim2.be • 3 min read

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Send us a post about your paper/project – we will edit it, publish it on the SIM² website and boost it on LinkedIn

SIM²'s evaluation (20220224) & self-assessment



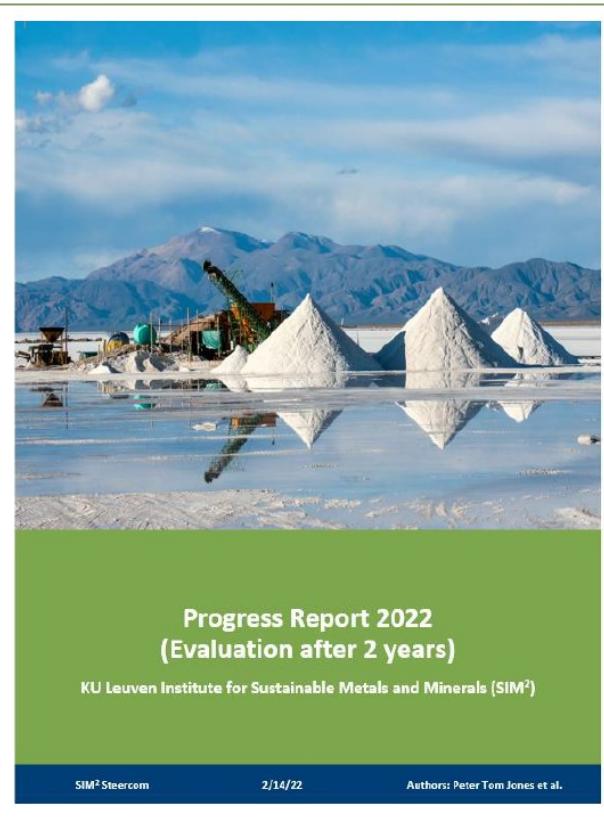
‘ ’

From the evaluation report (Ad Hoc Panel):

Dit instituut heeft de teugels stevig in handen en heeft een duidelijke visie waar men naartoe wil evolueren. **SIM² is dan ook een mooi voorbeeld van hoe het kan en moet.** Het consortium stond al van in het begin sterk in de steigers, en toch hebben zij in de voorbije jaren niet stil gestaan en hebben zich verder doorontwikkeld qua schaal, differentiatie en breedte. (...)

De tussentijdse evaluatie wordt dus als zeer positief beoordeeld.

SIM²'s evaluation (20220224) & self-assessment



Goal	Poor	Acceptable	Good	Very good	Excellent	Criterion #
Obtaining additional research funding						#1, #3, #5
Integration of new PI's						#1, #4, #8
New interdisciplinary collaborations						#1, #5
Engagement of PhD students linked to SIM ² PI's						#1
Setting up new initiatives						#1, #5, #8
Pulling power towards international researchers						#1, #7
Brand recognition/being the benchmark						#1, #7
International dissemination & social media						#1, #6
Visibility in press & societal impact						#1, #9



A scientist wearing a white lab coat and a black face mask is seen from the side, focused on work at a laboratory bench. The bench is equipped with various pieces of scientific machinery, including a robotic arm with multiple grippers and several test tubes or small containers. The background is a soft-focus laboratory environment.

<https://kuleuven.sim2.be/>

Contact: Peter Tom Jones ([LinkedIn profile](#))



Programme today

12-13.15h Lunch & poster Session

13.15-13.45h Introductions by **Dr. Marion Bechtold (MRC)** & **Dr. Peter Tom Jones (SIM²)**

13.45-15h Guest Lecture **Dr. Gilles Mertens** (Qmineral) (*XRD, the most important mineral characterisation tool*)

KU Leuven contributions by **Dr. Annelies Malfliet** (*EPMA-WDS*), **Fernando Prado Araujo** (*Shine on you crazy materials: Raman microscopy for advanced characterisation*)

15-15.30h Coffee & Poster session

15.30-17h KU Leuven contributions by **Prof. Erik Smolders** (*LA-ICP-MS*), **Prof. David Seveno** (*Liquids and gases as probes to characterise surface properties*), **Prof. Claudia Fleischmann** (*Atom probe tomography: materials characterisation at the nanometer-scale*), **Prof. André Vantomme** (*Ion beam analysis: a family of versatile techniques for materials characterisation*)

17-18h Closing reception & poster Session